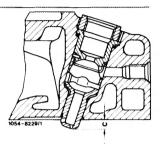
Data

Pre-chamber standout on cylinder head dimension "c" 7.8–8.4 mm



Tightening torques		Nm
Coupling nuts of injection lines		25
Nuts for cylinder head cover		15
Pre-chamber in cylinder head (threaded ring)		150-180
Nozzle holder in pre-chamber		70–80
Special tools		
Open box wrench insert, 17 mm, 1/2" square socket for injection lines	11004-6359	000 589 68 03 00
Socket 27 mm, 1/2" square socket	11004-8192	001 589 65 09 00
Socket wrench for threaded ring of pre-chamber	11004-8360	615 589 00 07 00
Puller for pre-chamber	M004-6365	615 589 00 33 00

Note

The prechambers of engines 616.912 and 617.912 may not be installed on these engines.

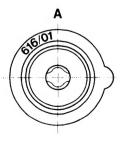
For identification, a code number (617/03) is shown at upper flange of pre-chamber.

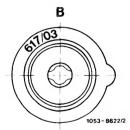
In addition, the pre-chamber can be identified by means of the smaller bore (0–9 mm dia.) for glow plug.

A Prechamber

A Prechamber engines 616.912/617.912

B Prechamber engines 617.950/951/952

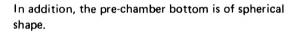




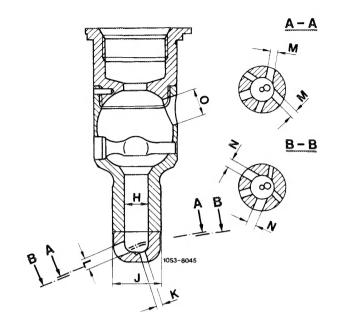
Six burner bores of different diameter are in place in pre-chamber lower half (burner neck) at different levels and angle positions.

The firing duct (H) has a diameter of 8 mm, the burner neck (J) of 16 mm.

Н	Firing duct	8 mm dia.
J	Burner neck	16 mm dia.
K	Burner bore	2 mm dia.
L	Burner bore	3.5 mm dia.
М	Burner bore	2.5 mm dia.
Ν	Burner bore	3.2 mm dia.
0	Bore for glow plug	9 mm dia.



The spherical shape provides uniform wall thickness in range of burner bores.



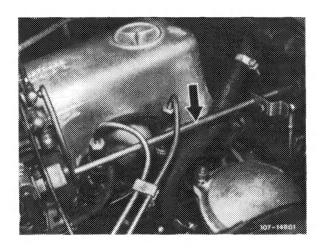
Removal

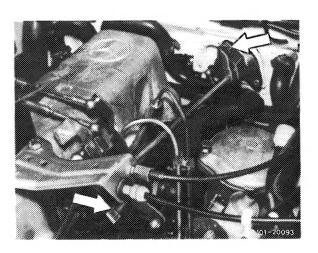
1 Disconnect regulating linkage to remove cylinder head cover. Pull out locking eye of longitudinal regulating shaft (arrow).

On models 116.120 and 123, pull longitudinal regulating shaft out of rubber mount in forward direction and remove in rearward direction.

Model 116.120

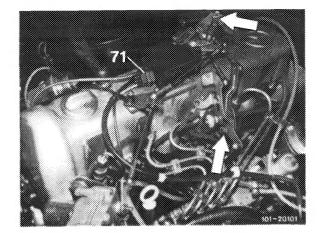
On model 126.120, pull longitudinal regulating shaft out of guide lever in rearward direction and remove in forward direction.





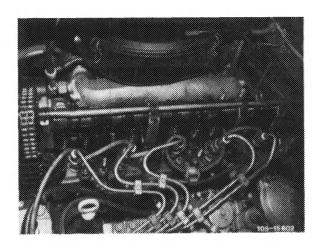
Model 123

On models 123 with automatic transmission 722.303 (W4A 040) and 126.120, pull off central plug for vacuum lines (71) or vacuum lines. Disconnect bowden wire, compress black plastic clip (arrow) and pull bowden wire out of holder in rearward direction.

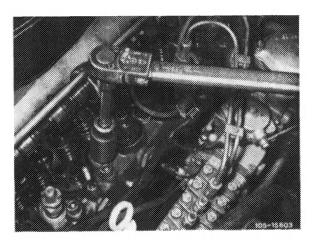


Model 126.120

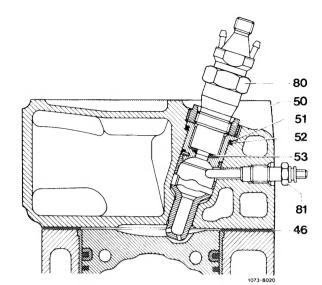
- 2 Remove injection lines.
- 3 Pull fuel return hoses from injection nozzles.



4 Unscrew complete nozzle holder by means of socket (27 mm).



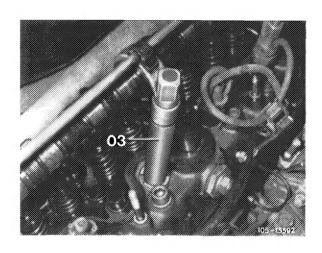
5 Unscrew rod-type glow plugs (81).



- Cylinder head gasket Threaded ring 46 50 51 52 53 80 81
- Pre-chamber
- Sealing ring Nozzle reed
- Nozzle holder
- Rod-type glow plug

6 Unscrew threaded ring (50) by means of socket wrench.

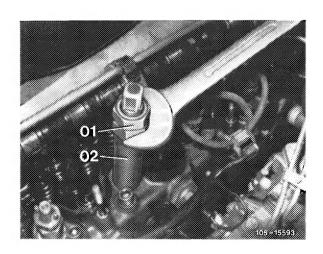
For this purpose, screw insert (03) into threaded ring, place sleeve (02) into grooves of threaded ring (arrows) and tighten with nut (01).



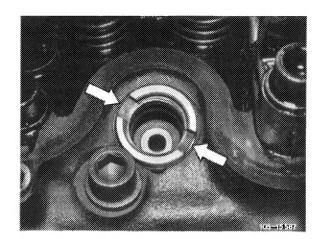
03 Screw insert

Sleeve (02) should be seated in grooves tight enough to prevent slipping out of grooves when the threaded ring is released.

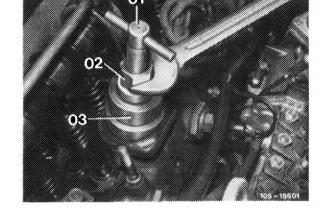
Position wrench against hex. head of sleeve (02) and unscrew threaded ring.



01 Nut 02 Sleeve

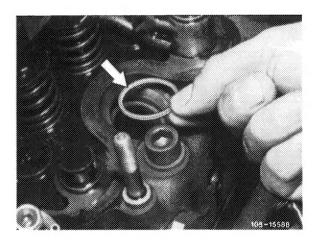


7 Pull-out pre-chamber by means of puller. Screw spindle (01) into pre-chamber. Place bell-shaped member (03) on cylinder head. The contact surface of the bell-shaped member is provided with 2 lugs. One lug each should be seated in hex. or double hex. socket of cylinder head bolt adjacent to pre-chamber. Pull-out pre-chamber by rotating nut (02) with an open-end wrench.



01 Spindle 02 Nut 03 Bell

- 8 Remove sealing ring (arrow) from cylinder head.
- 9 Cover bore in cylinder head.



Installation

Note: If the removed pre-chambers are installed again, check for perfect condition.

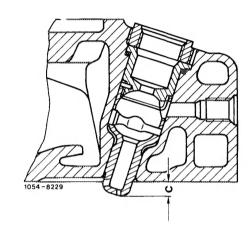
Ball pin should not be burnt or scaled.

In addition, if burner tops are scorched or if prechamber lower half shows cracks, remove boost air pipe and check inside for traces of oil. If oil-moist spots are found, check diaphragm of vacuum pump on engine 617.950 (sa) up to 1979 for cracks and other damage or renew vacuum control unit on injection pump of all engines.

The faulty component is identified by means of the vacuum lines (blackened by oil).

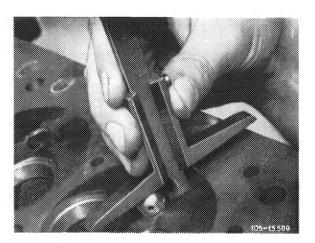
10 Place new sealing ring (52) into cylinder head. Use original sealing ring of specified thickness and shape only, so that the required distance (c) of 7.8–8.4 mm between pre-chamber and cylinder head is maintained.

Note: If a cylinder head has been faced at parting surface, add thicker sealing rings (52) between cylinder head and pre-chamber when installing prechambers.



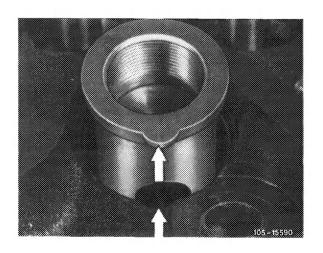
The following sealing rings are available:

Thickness	Part No.
1.9-2.1 (standard)	615 017 00 60
2.2-2.4	615 017 01 60
2.5–2.7	615 017 02 60
2.8-3.0	615 017 03 60

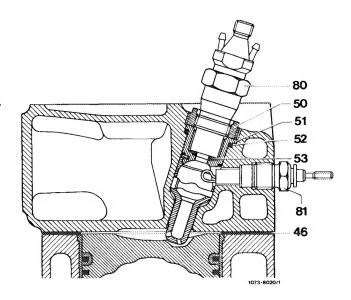


11 Screw spindle (01) of puller into pre-chamber (illustration item 7). Position pre-chamber in such a manner that the lug faces recess in cylinder head (arrows).

Insert pre-chamber by means of light blows with a plastic hammer against spindle. Pull bell-shaped member (03) with one hand in upward direction and hold in place (illustration item 7).



- 12 Lubricate threaded ring (50) and tighten to specified torque of 150—180 Nm by means of pertinent socket wrench.
- 13 Screw-in pencil element glow plugs and connect.
- 14 Insert new nozzle plate (53 Fig. item 5). The resilient nozzle plate can be installed on all engines.
 - 53 Nozzle plate
 80 Nozzle holder
 81 Pencil element glow plug



- 15 Completely screw-in nozzle holder and tighten to $70-80\,$ Nm.
- 16 Install injection lines.
- 17 Plug fuel return hoses to injection nozzles.
- 18 Mount cylinder head cover.

